# Goldfield Infants' \& Nursery School 

Having a Dog in School


Policy and Rationale

## April 2023

## Introduction

Children can benefit educationally and emotionally, increase their understanding of responsibility and develop empathy and nurturing skills through contact with a suitable calm dog. In addition to these benefits, children take great enjoyment from interaction with animals. By having a school dog we want to encourage those children specifically who are vulnerable, or those who are less confident socially or academically, by having a friendly audience to listen to them, whether that is through reading to, or just spending time with a dog. Our school dog is an Australian Labradoodle. The breed of dog was carefully selected; lively, perky and lovable, whilst gentle, playful and affectionate, they are excellent with children. The dog is well cared for and responsibly owned by staff members.

Is there a risk in bringing a dog into a school environment?
This policy shows how we have thought carefully about school life with a pet dog and how, through careful management, there is a very low risk of harm.

## Context

- The dog is owned by Mrs Blake
- Vet costs will be paid by Mrs Blake, with the exception of non-essential vet costs required by the school
- The breed is chosen for their mild temperament
- The vast majority of pupils are very keen to have a small dog on site. Where there are any concerns or fears expressed by individuals, a care plan will be put in place
- Parents have been completed a questionnaire to inform the school whether their child has any allergies or is fearful of dogs. They have also given their consent for their child to interact with the dog.
- If parental consent hasn't been given, children wont' be able to interact with the dog.
- The risk assessment will be reviewed annually
- When visitors and pupils arrive at school they will be advised of the presence of the dog
- The dog will be highly trained as a therapy dog; the cost of specialist training will be borne by the school


## Day to Day Management

The dog will:

- Not be allowed in school if unwell
- Be carried or kept on a lead when moving between classrooms or when on a walk
- Be under the full control and supervision of an adult at all times
- Be fully 'house' trained
- Have had all injections prior to joining Goldfield Infants' \& Nursery School
- Never be taken off site by pupils

Pupils will

- NOT have sole responsibility for, or be left alone with the dog
- Meet the dog in a group of not more than three children
- Be reminded of what is appropriate behaviour around the dog every time they meet him:
- Always remain calm around the dog
- Do not make sudden movements, be gentle
- Do not put your face near the dog
- Do not stare into the dog's eyes (could be interpreted as a threat)
- Always approach the dog standing up
- Do not disturb the dog when it is eating or sleeping
- Do not eat close to the dog and do not feed the dog
- Learn about how dogs express their feelings through their body language. Growling or baring of teeth indicates that a dog is feeling angry or threatened. Flattened ears, tail lowered or between their legs, hiding behind their owner, whining or growling are signs that the dog is frightened or nervous. If the dog is displaying any of these warning signs he should be immediately removed from that particular situation or environment
- Follow appropriate health and safety principles:


## Health and Safety principles

Children will always wash their hands after handling the dog. Any dog 'mess' will be cleaned up immediately and disposed of appropriately by the dog's owner or appropriate member of staff. Children must never attempt to do this.

Should a Muslim pupil be licked by the dog, their parents will be informed immediately by phone and a note sent home with the child at the end of the day.

Should a bite (even in play) occur:

- Parents will be contacted immediately
- The wound will be cleaned and covered with sterile, non-sticky dressing
- The child/adult will be released for medical attention
- All relevant parties will be informed
- A full investigation into the circumstances will be led by the headteacher
- The suitability of the dog will be reassessed by the governors


## Appendix 1

Reasons to have a dog in school - some anecdotes

## Reading Programmes

Reading programmes with dogs are doing wonders for some pupils. Children who might be embarrassed to read aloud to the class or event adults are likely to be less scared to read to a dog. 'It might be less stressful for a child to read aloud to a dog than to a teacher or peer. After all, a dog won't judge or correct you.' Dogs are used to encourage struggling readers to practise reading aloud. With the presence of a calm and welltrained dog, pupils find social support and peer interaction.

Dogs are incredibly calm and happy to have pupils read to them or join a group of children in the library whilst they are having a book reading session. Dogs give unconditional acceptance, as they are non-judgement, which is especially crucial to struggling, emerging readers. The dogs also provide confidence to children, as they do not make fun of them when they read, but above all they make amazing listeners, providing the children with a sense of comfort and love. Research has proved that students who read to dogs show an increase in reading levels, work recognition, and desire to read and write and an increase in reading levels, work recognition, and desire to read and write an increase in intrapersonal skills.

## Attendance

Children with low attendance or punctuality can be encouraged to come in by timetabling 'dog time' first time in the morning, etc. Some schools are using dogs to improve behaviour problems by promoting positive behaviour in pupils.

## Social Development

Dogs in school offer an opportunity for improving social development. They are especially useful for teaching pupils social skills and responsibility. Specifically, schools are using dogs to help older pupils build selfesteem, learn about positive and negative reinforcement, responsibility and boundaries.
With a dog in the classroom, pupils have the opportunity learn how to care for the animal. This includes walking and grooming. Researchers report that involving students in the daily care of school dogs is a positive experience, promoting their own daily care.

## As a Reward

Dogs will be gentle and loving, but at the same time full of fun and enjoyment for the pupils. Those pupils who have performed/behaved incredibly well in a week or have made excellent progress, could be rewarded by spending some of lunchtime or break time with the dog. Walking, grooming, playing and training are some of the responsibilities pupils will be allowed to undertake.

## Support Dogs

Dogs can work with pupils on a one-to-one basis and will especially help those who have been bullied, abused, bereaved, or are going through a particularly difficult time or even if they are scared of dogs. The dog will bring much joy and support to all the pupils that interact with him. Pupils who struggle with social interaction can find a reassuring friend in a dog.

